

## SHARPENING OF JORDAN'S INEQUALITIES AND ITS APPLICATIONS

LING ZHU

*Abstract.* In this paper, we establish the following inequalities

$$\frac{\sin r}{r} + \frac{\sin r - r \cos r}{2r^3}(r^2 - x^2) \leq \frac{\sin x}{x} \leq \frac{\sin r}{r} + \frac{r - \sin r}{r^3}(r^2 - x^2)$$

for  $x \in (0, r]$ ,  $r \leq \pi/2$ . An application of inequalities above leads to the following refinement of Yang Le inequalities:

$$\begin{aligned} & 4C_n^2 \left[ \frac{\sin r}{r} \frac{\lambda}{2} \pi + \frac{\sin r - r \cos r}{2r^3} (r^2 \frac{\lambda}{2} \pi - \frac{\lambda^3}{8} \pi^3) \right]^2 \cos^2 \frac{\lambda}{2} \pi \\ & \leq (n-1) \sum_{k=1}^n \cos^2 \lambda A_k - 2 \cos \lambda \pi \sum_{1 \leq i < j \leq n} \cos \lambda A_i \cos \lambda A_j \\ & \leq 4C_n^2 \left[ \frac{\sin r}{r} \frac{\lambda}{2} \pi + \frac{r - \sin r}{r^3} (r^2 \frac{\lambda}{2} \pi - \frac{\lambda^3}{8} \pi^3) \right]^2, \end{aligned}$$

where,  $A_i > 0 (i = 1, 2, \dots, n)$ ,  $\sum_{i=1}^n A_i \leq \pi$ ,  $0 \leq \lambda \leq 1$  and  $n \geq 2$  is a natural number.

*Mathematics subject classification (2000):* 26D15.

*Key words and phrases:* lower and upper bounds; Jordan's inequalities; Yang Le inequalities.

### REFERENCES

- [1] D. S. MITRINOVIĆ, *Analytic Inequalities*, Springer-Verlag, 1970.
- [2] F. QI, L.-H. CUI AND S.-L. XU, *Some Inequalities Constructed by Tchebysheff's Integral Inequality*, *Mathematical Inequalities and Applications*, **2**, 4 (1999), 517–528.
- [3] L. DEBNATH, C. J. ZHAO, *New Strengthened Jordan's Inequality and Its Applications*, *Applied Mathematics Letters*, **16**, (2003), 557–560.
- [4] C. J. ZHAO, *Generalization and Strengthen of Yang Le Inequality*, *Mathematics in Practice and Theory (in Chinese)*, **30**, 4 (2000), 493–497.
- [5] G. D. ANDERSON, M. K. VAMANAMURTHY AND M. VUORINEN, *Conformal Invariants, Inequalities, and Quasiconformal Maps*, New York, 1997.
- [6] G. D. ANDERSON, S.-L. QIU, M. K. VAMANAMURTHY AND M. VUORINEN, *Generalized Elliptic Integral and Modular Equations*, *Pacific J. Math.*, **192**, (2000), 1–37.