

## ON A PROBLEM OF UNIVALENCE OF FUNCTIONS SATISFYING A DIFFERENTIAL INEQUALITY

SUKHWINDER SINGH, SUSHMA GUPTA AND SUKHJIT SINGH

*Abstract.* Let  $\mathcal{H}_\alpha(\beta)$  denote the class of normalized functions  $f$ , analytic in the unit disc  $E$ , which satisfy the condition

$$\operatorname{Re} \left[ (1 - \alpha)f'(z) + \alpha \left( 1 + \frac{zf''(z)}{f'(z)} \right) \right] > \beta, \quad z \in E,$$

where  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  are pre-assigned real numbers. H. S. Al-Amiri and M. O. Reade, in 1975, have shown that for  $\alpha \leq 0$  and also for  $\alpha = 1$ , the functions in  $\mathcal{H}_\alpha(0)$  are univalent in  $E$ . In 2005, V. Singh, S. Singh and S. Gupta proved that for  $0 < \alpha < 1$ , functions in  $\mathcal{H}_\alpha(\alpha)$  are also univalent. In the present note, we establish that functions in  $\mathcal{H}_\alpha(\beta)$  are univalent for all real numbers  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  satisfying  $\alpha \leq \beta < 1$  and that the result is sharp in the sense that the constant  $\beta$  cannot be replaced by any real number less than  $\alpha$ .

*Mathematics subject classification (2000):* 30C45, 30C50.

*Key words and phrases:* univalent function, convex function, differential subordination.

### REFERENCES

- [1] O. P. AHUJA, H. SILVERMAN, *Classes of functions whose derivatives have positive real part*, J. Math. Anal. Appl., **138**, (2) (1989), 385–392.
- [2] H. S. AL-AMIRI, M. O. READE, *On a linear combination of some expressions in the theory of univalent functions*, Monatshefte für mathematik, **80**, (1975), 257–264.
- [3] S. S. MILLER, *Differential Inequalities and Carathéodory functions*, Bull. Amer. Math. Soc., **81**, (1975), 79–81.
- [4] K. NOSHIRO, *On the theory of schlicht functions*, J. Fac. Sci., Hokkaido Univ., **2**, (1934-35), 129–155.
- [5] V. SINGH, S. SINGH AND S. GUPTA, *A problem in the theory of univalent functions*, Integral Transforms and Special Functions, **16**, (2) (2005), 179–186.
- [6] S. E. WARCHAWSKI, *On the higher derivatives at the boundary in conformal mappings*, Trans. Amer. Math. Soc., **38**, (1935), 310–340.