

REMARKS ON SOME NORM INEQUALITIES FOR POSITIVE SEMIDEFINITE MATRICES AND QUESTIONS OF BOURIN

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Abstract. Let A and B be positive semidefinite matrices. It is shown that

$$||A^{s}B^{p} + B^{q}A^{t}||_{2} \le ||A^{s}B^{p} + A^{t}B^{q}||_{2}$$

for all positive real numbers s,t,p,q for which

$$\left| \frac{s}{s+t} - \frac{1}{2} \right| + \left| \frac{p}{p+q} - \frac{1}{2} \right| \leqslant \frac{1}{2}.$$

This is a generalization of a recent inequality proved by Bhatia for the special case s = q, t = p with

$$\frac{1}{4} \leqslant \frac{p}{p+q} \leqslant \frac{3}{4},$$

and it is a special case of a conjecture posed by Hayajneh and Kittaneh, which claims that for positive semidefinite matrices A_1, A_2, B_1, B_2 with $A_1B_1 = B_1A_1$, $A_2B_2 = B_2A_2$ and any unitarily invariant norm.

$$|||A_1B_2 + A_2B_1||| \le |||A_1B_2 + B_1A_2|||$$
.

For i = 1, ..., k, let A_i and B_i be positive semidefinite matrices such that, for each i, A_i commutes with B_i . It is shown that for any unitarily invariant norm,

$$\left\| \left| \sum_{i=1}^k A_i B_i \right| \right\| \leqslant \left\| \left(\sum_{i=1}^k A_i \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \left(\sum_{i=1}^k B_i \right) \left(\sum_{i=1}^k A_i \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \right\| \right\|.$$

This is stronger than the inequality

$$\left\| \left| \sum_{i=1}^{k} A_i B_i \right| \right\| \le \left\| \left| \left(\sum_{i=1}^{k} A_i \right) \left(\sum_{i=1}^{k} B_i \right) \right| \right\|,$$

which has been recently proved by Audenaert. Simple applications of these norm inequalities answer some questions of Bourin affirmatively.

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