

FINITE INTERTWININGS AND SUBSCALARITY

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Abstract. Quasinilpotent equivalence does not preserve subscalarly. However, if we replace quasinilpotent equivalence by “finite intertwining by the identity operator”, then subscalarly is preserved (in one direction). We shall prove that if A , B and N are Banach space operators such that $\Delta_{AB}^n(I) = \Delta_{AB}(\Delta_{AB}^{n-1}(I)) = \sum_{i=0}^n (-1)^i \binom{n}{i} A^{n-i} B^i = 0$ for some positive integer n , and if N is an algebraic operator which commutes with B , then A is subscalar implies $B + N$ is subscalar. Applications to classes of Hilbert space operators, and the elementary operators $L_A - R_B$ and $L_A R_B - 1$ for certain choices of subscalar operators A and B^* , are considered.

Mathematics subject classification (2010): Primary 47B40, 47A11; secondary 47B20, 47A10.

Keywords and phrases: Banach space, subscalar operator, property $(\beta)_\varepsilon$, finitely intertwined, p -hyponormal, w -hyponormal, Weyl’s theorem, elementary operator.

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