

ON THE INVERSE POWER INEQUALITY FOR THE BEREZIN NUMBER OF OPERATORS

MUBARIZ GARAYEV, SUNA SALTAN, DILARA GUNDOGDU

Abstract. The Berezin symbol \tilde{A} of operator A acting on the reproducing kernel Hilbert space $\mathcal{H} = \mathcal{H}(\Omega)$ over some set Ω is defined by

$$\tilde{A}(\lambda) = \left\langle A\hat{k}_{\mathcal{H},\lambda}, \hat{k}_{\mathcal{H},\lambda} \right\rangle, \quad \lambda \in \Omega,$$

where $\hat{k}_{\mathcal{H},\lambda} = \frac{k_{\mathcal{H},\lambda}}{\|k_{\mathcal{H},\lambda}\|_{\mathcal{H}}}$ is the normalized reproducing kernel of \mathcal{H} . The Berezin number of operator A is the following number:

$$ber(A) := \sup \left\{ |\tilde{A}(\lambda)| : \lambda \in \Omega \right\}.$$

Clearly, $ber(A) \leq w(A)$, where $w(A) = \sup \{ |\langle Ax, x \rangle| : x \in \mathcal{H}, \|x\|_{\mathcal{H}} = 1 \}$ is the numerical radius of A . The power inequality for the numerical radius of Hilbert space operator A is the following:

$$w(A^n) \leq (w(A))^n, \quad \forall n \geq 1.$$

Since $ber(A) \leq w(A)$, the following question naturally arises: is it true that $ber(A^n) \leq (ber(A))^n$ for any operator A and any integer $n > 1$?

Although we do not solve this question, in this paper, by using some Hardy type inequality, we prove the inverse power inequality for $ber(A)$ for positive operators on $\mathcal{H}(\Omega)$; namely, we prove that $(ber(A))^n \leq C(n,m)ber(A^n)$ for any positive operator A on $\mathcal{H}(\Omega)$, where $C(n,m) > 1$ is the constant depending only on n and its conjugate m , where $\frac{1}{n} + \frac{1}{m} = 1$.

Mathematics subject classification (2010): 47B35, 47A12.

Keywords and phrases: Hardy type inequalities, Berezin number, positive operator.

REFERENCES

- [1] A. ABU-OMAR AND F. KITTANEH, *Estimates for the numerical radius and the spektral radius of the Frobenius companion matrix and bounds for the zeros of polynomials*, Ann. Func. Anal. **5** (2014), no. 1, 56–62.
- [2] F. BEREZIN, *Covariant and contravariant symbols for operators*, Math. USSR-Izv. **6** (1972) 1117–1151.
- [3] F. BEREZIN, *Quantization*, Math. USSR-Izv. **8** (1974), 1109–1163.
- [4] N. DAS AND S. SAHOO, *New inequalities of Hardy-Hilbert type*, Bull. Acad. Stiint. Rep. Moldova, Matematica, **63** (2010), 109–120.
- [5] N. DAS AND S. SAHOO, *New inequalities similar to Hardy-Hilbert's inequality*, Turk J. Math. **34** (2010), 153–165.
- [6] S. DRAGOMIR, *A survey of some recent inequalities for the norm and numerical radius of operators in Hilbert spaces*, Banach J. Math. Anal. **1** (2007), no. 2, 154–175.
- [7] M. T. GARAYEV, M. GÜRDAL, A. OKUDAN, *Hardy-Hilbert's inequality and a power inequality for Berezin numbers for operators*, Math. Ineq. Appl. **19** (2016), 883–891.
- [8] P. R. HALMOS, *A Hilbert Space Problem Book*, Springer-Verlag, New York, 1982.

- [9] F. HANSEN, *Non-commutative Hardy inequalities*, Bull. Lond. Math. Soc. **41** (2009), no. 6, 1009–1016.
- [10] G. H. HARDY, *Note on a theorem of Hilbert*, Mat. Z. **6** (1920), 314–317.
- [11] G. H. HARDY, J. E. LITTLEWOOD, AND G. POLYA, *Inequalities*, 2nd ed. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1967.
- [12] M. T. KARAEV, *Berezin symbol and invertibility of operators on the functional Hilbert spaces*, J. Funct. Anal. **238** (2006), 181–192.
- [13] M. T. KARAEV, *Reproducing Kernels and Berezin Symbols Techniques in Various Questions of Operator Theory*, Complex Anal. and Oper. Theory **7** (2013) 983–1018.
- [14] M. KIAN, *Hardy-Hilbert type inequalities for Hilbert space operators*, Ann. Funct. Anal. **3** (2012), 128–134.
- [15] M. KRNIC, J. PECARIC, *Extension of Hilbert's inequality*, J. Math. Anal. Appl. **324** (2006), 150–160.
- [16] D. S. MITRINOVIC, J. E. PECARIC, AND A. M. FINK, *Inequalities involving functions and their integrals and derivatives*, Kluwer Academic Publishers, Boston, 1991.
- [17] T. YAMAZAKI, *On upper and lower bounds of the numerical radius and equality condition*, **178** (2007), 83–89.
- [18] B. YANG AND T. M. RASSIAS, *On the way of weight coefficient and research for the Hilbert-type inequalities*, Math. Ineq. Appl. **6** (2003), 625–658.